Iron^{Fe}

Iron is essential for good health:

- Iron carries oxygen in the body.
- Iron helps fight infections.
- Iron is essential for the brain.

Main symptoms of low levels of iron in the body:

- A lack of energy and irritability.
- Frequent infections.
- Reduced attention span and learning difficulties.
- Slower growth.

If your child exhibits any of these symptoms, you should:

- Consult a health professional to determine if blood tests are necessary to identify a low blood iron level.
- Make sure your child gets more foods that are rich in iron. In consultation with your health professional, iron supplements might also be necessary.



A big thank you to all children and parents who participated in the Nunavik Childcare Study. Nakurmiik!

The Nunavik Childcare Study on IRON revealed that 50% of preschool children in the region have low blood iron levels. 15% reached the anemia stage.

(Nunavik Childcare Study 2006-2010)

Food with good sources of iron: What you need to know!

- Dietary iron comes from both meat and plant foods. But iron from meat is more efficiently absorbed by the body.
- Iron from plants and eggs is absorbed by the body better, if eaten with meat or vitamin C-rich foods.

Recommendations

Serve your child iron-rich foods at least 3 to 4 times a day. Try to serve meat twice a day.



Serve vitamin C-rich food as often as possible with iron-rich food.

For example: breakfast cereal (iron) + 100% pure orange juice (vitamin C)

or egg sandwiches (iron) + tomatoes (vitamin C)

Vitamin C helps the body absorb iron.



Wait until your baby is about 1 year old to introduce 3.25% cow milk.

In addition to milk, children need to eat a variety of foods at each meal and snack including iron-rich foods. Serve beverage at the end of meals whenever possible.





