

INTERPERSONAL VIOLENCE AND COMMUNITY SAFETY

QANUILIRPITAA? 2017 HEALTH SURVEY

Violence can happen to anyone and is not the victim's fault; no one should suffer violence. It can take the form of physical, sexual or psychological violence as well as neglect, bullying, financial abuse or offences against property. Experiencing violence has consequences on the health and wellness of individuals, families and communities.

Although violence in Nunavik has to be understood within the context of historical and systemic violence, the results presented in this fact sheet are about interpersonal violence and community safety.



The portrait of violence in Nunavik appears to be COMPARABLE to what was observed in 2004 with SOME **IMPROVEMENTS**. However, many Nunavimmiut in 2017 were still affected by violence during childhood, adolescence, adulthood or as elders.



WOMEN were generally more likely to report experiences of violence than men.



At least one form of adverse (or negative) **CHILDHOOD** experience (neglect, violence or exposure to household dysfunctions and stressors) was reported by about 8 out of 10 Nunavimmiut (78%).



Violence has harmful consequences on individuals and families and is never acceptable. No one should suffer violence.

Resources:

HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES

For front-line medical and social services. 819-###-9090

YOUTH PROTECTION

- To report child abuse or neglect.
- Ungava coast: 819-964-2905, ext. 331 and 365, and 1-866-737-6360
- Hudson coast: 1-877-535-2345

WOMEN'S SHELTERS

Support for women and their children who are victims of family violence.

- Tungasuvvik (Kuujjuaq): 819-964-0536
- Ajapirvik (Inukjuak): 819-254-1414
- Initsiag (Salluit): 819-255-8817

HELP LINES

- Kamaqtsiaqtut (English/Inuktitut between 2 p.m. and 10 p.m.): 1-800-265-3333
- Hope for Wellness Help Line for Inuit and First Nations (English/French): 1-855-242-3310
- Kids Help Phone (English/French): www.kidshelpphone.ca

During the year before the survey, 7 out of 10 (71%) Nunavimmiut aged 16 to 30 reported suffering at least one form of **BULLYING**, and 2 out of 10 (19%) said they took part in bullying at least once.





About half of Nunavimmiut (47%) expressed FEELING SAFE (very or extremely safe) IN THEIR DAILY LIFE.

Generally people reporting HIGHER FAMILY AND COMMUNITY **SUPPORT/COHESION** were less likely to report experiencing violence.

- and 1-800-668-6868
- Provincial helpline for Victims of Sexual Assault (English/French): 1-888-933-9007
- SOS Conjugal Violence (English/French): 1-800-363-9010

INUIT VALUES AND PRACTICES, NRBHSS (9 a.m. to 5 p.m.)

Support for communities in times of crisis. 1877-686-2845

MEN'S ASSOCIATION/NETWORK

Support for men. Unaaq Men's Association - Inukjuak Qajaq Network for Men - Kuujjuaq 1-877-964-0770 or 1-877-350-0254 Qimutjuit Men Association - Kuujjuaraapik

SAPUMMIJIIT CRIME VICTIMS ASSISTANCE CENTRE

(9 a.m. to 5 p.m.) Services in Inuktitut and English for victims of crime going through the judicial process or wanting counselling. https://www.krg.ca/en-CA/

CONTACT YOUR LOCAL CL

The regional organizations are committed to working with the communities to support and improve services with the objective to end violence and enhance safety for all Nunavimmiut.

Qanuilirpitaa? 2017 is a population health survey carried out in Nunavik from August to October 2017. A total of 1326 Nunavimmiut aged 16 and over from all 14 villages participated in this survey.



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453

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For more information: nrbhss.ca/en/health-surveys

Nakurmiik to all Nunavimmiut who contributed to this important health survey!